

Document	Stewardship Practices	Recom. Techniques	Check	Comments
Riparian Areas in Settled Landscapes/ Guidance for Restoration Activities in Riparian Areas	Protect Existing Riparian Areas	Avoid clearing of riparian vegetation	✓	The riparian area was protected and enhanced
		Pesticide and Herbicide Use in riparian areas only to control invasive species	✓	No pesticides or herbicides used on the property
		Avoid dumping organic waste in riparian areas (including grass clippings, yard waste and household plants)		
	Establish New or Restore Degraded Riparian Buffers	Plant Native Vegetation (width)	✓	A couple hundred native plants, trees, grasses and shrubs were planted along the drainage ditch and pond riparian area
		Protect Plantings from Wildlife and Livestock	✓	A fence was built around the riparian area to protect the riparian plants and wildlife from the farm animals
		Install Large Woody Debris		
		Create Pits and Mounds		
	Control Invasive Species	varies by species--which species controlled?	✓	Using animals and weeding by hand. Sheep graze blackberries and bramble and pigs are used to dig out and eat the roots. Sheep and pigs also help to control the reed canary grass.
		Augment Riparian Areas with Agroforestry or Leave Strips		
	Drainage Maintenance in Agricultural Waterways	Use Sensitive Methods to Work in Waterways	Maual work used to clear ditches	
In-stream work window			✓	Yes, wored with specialists at the Fraser Valley Watershed Coalition
Stabilize Banks using Bioengineering Methods		plant whips (cut branches or saplings)		
		construct structures (wattle fences, live palisade and live brush areas)		
Restore Aquatic Habitats		Habitat Complexing		
		Constructed Wetlands and Stream Channels	✓	The drainage ditch and pond area were expanded to enhance their habitat quality for Oregon Spotted Frogs
Avoid Overapplication or Poor Storage of Manure		avoid overapplication	✓	
		composting program or digester		None needed
		proper storage	✓	Animals deposit manure where they walk
Monitor and Evaluate Projects		Baseline Data?		
	Control Site?			
	Data Collected?	dissolved O2 concentration		
		water temperature		
		specific conductivity		
		fish and amphibian presence and density	✓	FVWC comes 3 to 4 times a year to monitor the project and Lynn does informal monitoring and takes picture of frogs she finds as well as water levels
	Frequency of collection?			
	Species information	Species name		Various types of frogs have been observed but to date no observations of Oregon Spotted Frog
		SAR?		
		where seen? When? How many?		